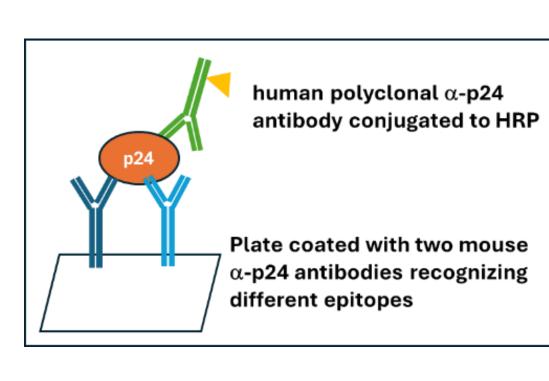
ABL's HIV p24 ELISA Kit: a Solution for Lentivirus Quantification in Industrial Processes

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Since the discovery of HIV-1 in the 1980s, ABL has been a pioneer in HIV research, including the development of one of the first p24 ELISA kits (ABL[®] kit, Catalog #5421 & #5447) for the reliable quantification of HIV capsid protein (p24). Today, ABL provides manufacturing and analytical services for oncolytic viruses, cell and gene therapies, and vaccines. Recently, ABL developed a platform for the industrial production and purification of lentiviral vectors (LVV). As LVV share structural and biological similarities with HIV, we evaluated the ability of ABL's HIV p24 kit to quantify LVV in in-

Introduction: ABL[®] kit- ABL's Legacy for HIV Titer Determination



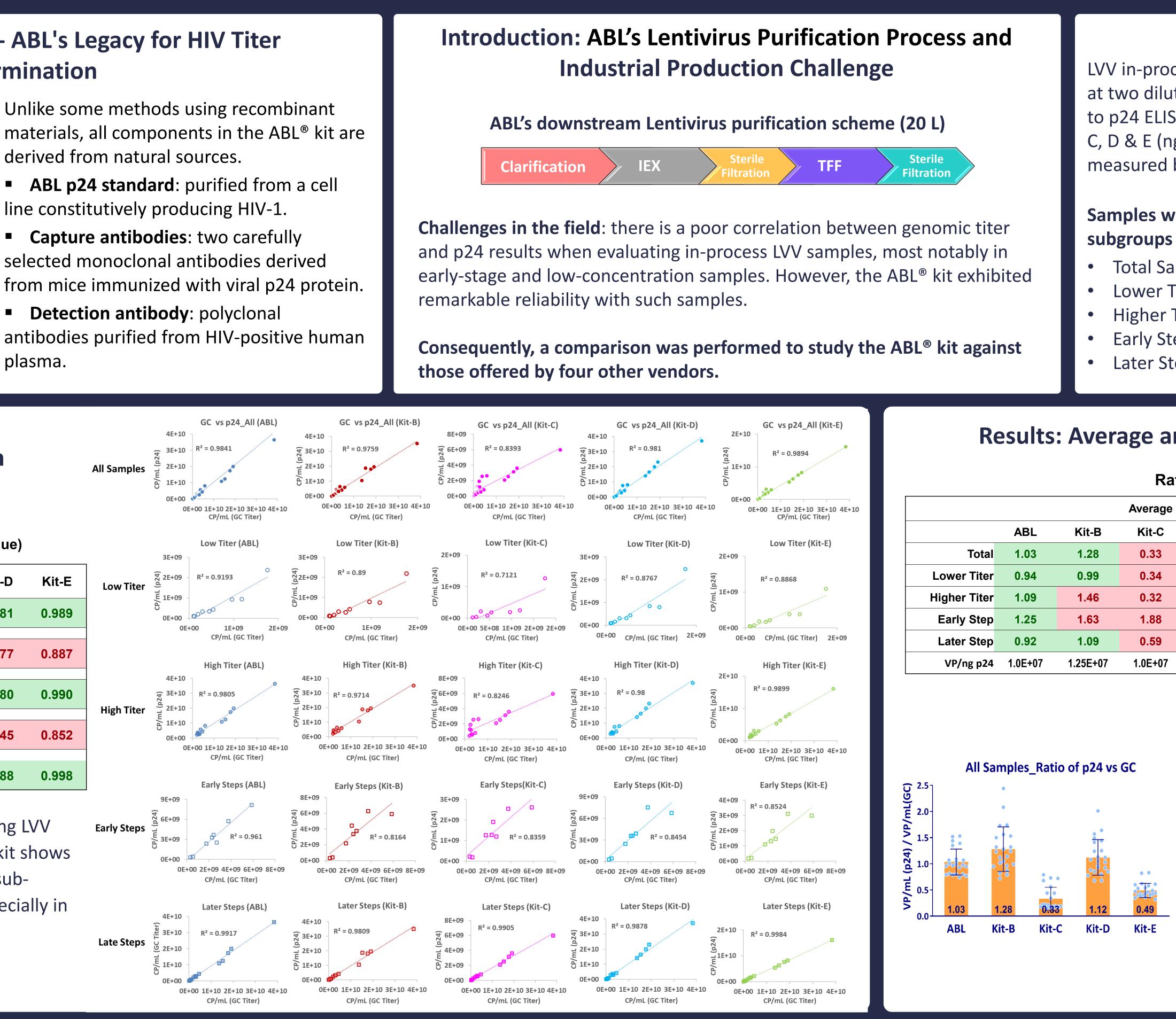
Unlike some methods using recombinant derived from natural sources.

• ABL p24 standard: purified from a cell line constitutively producing HIV-1.

Capture antibodies: two carefully selected monoclonal antibodies derived from mice immunized with viral p24 protein.

Detection antibody: polyclonal antibodies purified from HIV-positive human plasma.

Results: Correlation calculated by R²



Correlation of p24 with GC (R² value)

	ABL	Kit-B	Kit-C	Kit-D	Kit-E
All Samples	0.984	0.976	0.839	0.981	0.989
Low Titer	0.919	0.890	0.712	0.877	0.887
Low mer	0.919	0.090	0.712	0.077	0.007
High Titer	0.981	0.971	0.825	0.980	0.990
Early Step	0.961	0.816	0.836	0.845	0.852
Later Step	0.992	0.981	0.990	0.988	0.998

As compared to all other kits, testing LVV in-process samples with the ABL[®] kit shows strong correlation (> 0.92 R² in all subcategories) with genomic titer, especially in low titer and early step samples.



umma S ABL's HIV p24 ELISA kit: A TOP CHOICE for quantifying Lentivirus Vectors in in-process samples among all p24 kits. • Strong R² values when comparing p24 with GC in all LVV in-process samples especially in low-titer & early-step samples. □ Favorable p24/GC ratios with less variations among LVV in-process samples compared to all other four kits analyzed. • Cost-effective, with moderate incubation time & reasonable number of operation steps.



Powerful Partnership, **Unlimited** Possibilities



process samples generated during industrial production and purification. One challenge in quantifying such samples is the poor correlation between genomic titer (viral particle titer derived from RNA content) and p24 results (viral particle titer derived from LVV capsid marker (p24)), particularly in early-stage and low-concentration samples. However, the ABL[®] kit exhibited remarkable reliability when analyzing such samples. To further explore this observation, we compared the performance of the ABL[®] kit to those offered by other vendors.

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n	LVV in-process samples were tested in replicate at two dilutions using the ABL® kit as compared to p24 ELISA kits from four (4) other vendors: B, C, D & E (ng/mL). Genomic titers (vg/mL) were measured by RNA extraction & qRT-PCR.	Virus pa VP-p2 VP-G = vir
mic titer otably in it exhibited	 Samples were categorized into the following subgroups for analysis: Total Samples Lower Titer: GC Titer < 4.0E+09 vg/mL 	Correlat ELISA-b all subg 1. R ² (0
kit against	 Higher Titer: GC Titer ≥ 4.0E+09 vg/mL Early Steps: Harvest & AEX Load Later Steps: AEX eluate, TFF ret. & Sterile filtrate 	2. Ave (R ² is

R	Results: Average and CV% of VP-p24/VP-GC ratio										Cost effective & Convenient Protocol						
	Ratios: VP-p24 / VP-GC																
	Average					CV%						ABL	Kit-B	Kit-C	Kit-D	Kit-E	
	ABL	Kit-B	Kit-C	Kit-D	Kit-E	ABL	Kit-B	Kit-C	Kit-D	Kit-E		Price	\$	\$	\$\$\$	\$\$\$	\$\$
Total	1.03	1.28	0.33	1.12	0.49	24%	33%	67%	30%	27%			Ļ	ې	ب ېې	, ,,	<u>ှ</u> ှ
ower Titer	0.94	0.99	0.34	0.89	0.43	21%	26%	70%	26%	25%		Operation	2-3.5	2-3.5	< 2	> 3.5	> 3.5
gher Titer	1.09	1.46	0.32	1.27	0.53	24%	28%	67%	24%	26%		Time (hrs)					
Early Step	1.25	1.63	1.88	1.37	0.61	23%	30%	28%	27%	25%		# of Steps	3	4	2	4	3
Later Step	0.92	1.09	0.59	0.97	0.43	12%	23%	6.7%	20%	6.1%							
VP/ng p24	1.0E+07	1.25E+07	1.0E+07	1.0E+07	1.0E+07							\$: 450-600;	\$\$:600	-750; \$\$	\$: 750-9	00	
 Higher titer samples have more R². Thus, ABL used an alternative a calculating the average p24/GC rate employing CV% to gauge correlation within subgroups. 					ative aj GC rati	pproad o and	ch:		Compared ABL's p24 E and efficie hours and	ELISA kit ncy witł	t offers an inc	a cost a ubation	dvantag time o	ge f 2.5			
1.03 ABL	1.28 0 Kit-B Ki	33 1.12 t-C Kit-D	0.49 Kit-E	Kit exh correla early-s • The	ibited th ition, esp tep samp average	red with all the other kits tested, ABL ed the lowest CV%, indicating robust n, especially with lower titer and samples. erage ratio for LVV in-process with the ABL kit is 1.03, consistent						Notes ABL® p2 only ABL is compared 					

with the equivalence of 1 ng p 24 = 1.0E+07 VP.

The p24 ELISA test offers several advantages over the GC titer test:

- Greater simplicity
 Faster turnaround
 Lower variability
- Reduced sample volume requirements
 Less stringent demands on sample quality

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particle conc. (VP/mL) were calculated as follows: **p24** (VP/mL from p24) = p24 conc.(ng/mL) x 1.0E+07 **GC** (VP/mL from genomic titer)

virus genomic copy conc. (vg/mL) ÷ 2.

ation Analysis between vector genome and p24 based particle concentration was evaluated across peroups using two methods:

- (Coefficient of determination)
- erage ratio & CV% of VP-p24/VP-GC Ratio

is influenced more heavily by high-titer samples)

cGMP LVV production.

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